

# Financial Results for the Year Ended March 31, 2019

- Forward-looking statements for earnings and other performance data contained herein are based on information currently available to the Company, and all potential risks and uncertainties are taken into account. The Company asks that investors understand that changes in conditions may cause actual performance to significantly differ from these projections.
- Amounts in this statement are rounded down to the nearest hundred million.



1. Financial results for the year ended March 31, 2019

2. Forecast for the year ending March 31, 2020

### Overview of financial results of the year ended March 31, 2019



#### Year on Year

#### Operating profit: ¥82.6B, ¥26.4B up YoY

(If excluding the restructuring relevant expenses: ¥84.4B, ¥19.5B up YoY)

- **Imaging Products**: Although the focus was placed on high value-added products including newly launched ML cameras in the shrinking market, OP was largely suffered by the substantial sales volume reduction, especially in entry/mid DSLR
- **Precision Equipment**: OP was substantially lifted by the brisk sales of large-sized FPD lithography systems in addition to the temporary profit (approx. ¥15.0B excluding additional relevant expenses) by a settlement of patent litigation involving semiconductor lithography business

# comparison vs Feb. 7 forecast

#### Operating profit: ¥2.6B up from the forecast

- Imaging Products: Did not meet the plan due to the severe market condition in Q4
- Other Businesses including Semiconductor Equipment: Overachieved the plan and absorbed the downturn of Imaging Products

#### • Profit attributable to owners of the parent: ¥7.5B up

- Fluctuation of profit before income taxes and reduction of tax expenses
- ROE: 11.2% (9.4% if excluding the temporary profit by litigation settlement)

### Annual dividend

 ¥60, unchanged from the forecast (¥24 increase from ¥36 for the previous FY)

### Financial results for the year ended March 31, 2019: Highlights



Billions of yen	FY2018/3 Actual (A)	Previous Forecast (Feb.7)(B)	FY2019/3 Actual(C)	Change (C)-(A)	Change (C)-(B)	
Revenue	717.0	720.0	708.6	-8.4	-11.4	
Operating Profit	56.2	80.0	82.6	+26.4	+2.6	
% vs Revenue	7.8%	11.1%	11.7%			
Profit before income taxes	56.2	83.0	87.9	+31.7	+4.9	
% vs Revenue	7.8%	11.5%	12.4%			
Profit attributable to owners of the parent	34.7	59.0	66.5	+31.8	+7.5	
% vs Revenue	4.8%	8.2%	9.4%			
FCF	90.2	60.0	43.5	-46.7	-16.5	
Exchange Rate :				Impact c	n Revenue	
US \$	¥111	¥110	¥111	Approx3.8	Approx. +2.9	
EURO	¥130	¥128	¥128	Impact on O	perating Profit	
				Approx. <b>-3.7</b>	Approx. <b>-0.6</b>	

FCF decreased due to the changes of payment terms for the domestic partner companies, etc.

Note: Part of sales promotion expenses, which used to be booked as SGA, are deducted from Revenue of FY2019/3. FY19/3 Revenue is 4 an amount after deducting ¥8.3B.

### Financial results for the year ended March 31, 2019: by Segments

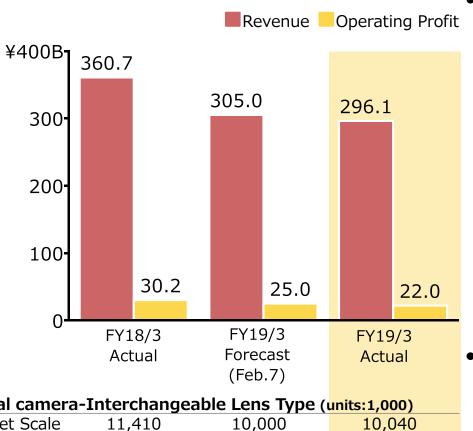


Billions of yen		FY2018/3 Actual (A)	Previous Forecast (Feb.7)(B)	FY2019/3 Actual(C)	Change (C)-(A)	Change (C)-(B)
Imaging	Revenue	360.7	305.0	296.1	-17.9%	-2.9%
Products	Operating	30.2	25.0	22.0	-8.2	-3.0
Business	Profit	(36.0)	(26.0)	(22.6)		
Precision	Revenue	226.3	277.0	274.5	+21.3%	-0.9%
Equipment	Operating	53.3	79.0	81.7	+28.4	+2.7
Business	Profit	(53.3)	(79.0)	(81.7)		
	Revenue	56.8	63.0	65.4	+15.1%	+3.8%
Healthcare Business	Operating	-3.2	-3.0	-1.9	+1.3	+1.1
Dusilless	Profit	(-3.2)	(-3.0)	(-1.9)		
Industrial	Revenue	73.2	75.0	72.5	-1.0%	-3.3%
Metrology and	Operating	5.0	6.0	6.9	+1.9	+0.9
Others	Profit	(7.8)	(7.0)	(7.5)		
Corporate	Revenue	_	_	-	_	_
Profit/Loss non- attributable to any	Operating	-29.1	-27.0	-26.1	+3.0	+0.9
reportable segments	Profit	(-29.1)	(-27.0)	(-25.6)		
	Revenue	717.0	720.0	708.6	-1.2%	-1.6%
Consolidated	Operating	56.2	80.0	82.6	+26.4	+2.6
	Profit	(64.9)	(82.0)	(84.4)		

Note: Part of sales promotion expenses, which used to be booked as SGA, are deducted from Revenue of FY2019/3. FY19/3 Revenue is an amount after deducting ¥8.3B. Figures of Operating Profit in parentheses show those excluding the restructuring relevant expenses.

### Results for the year ended March 31, 2019: **Imaging Products Business**





#### Digital camera-Interchangeable Lens Type (units:1,000)

Market Scale	11,410	10,000	10,040
Nikon	2,620	2,100	2,060
Interchangeab	le Lenses (unit	ts:1,000)	
Market Scale	19,060	16,800	16,960
Nikon	4,010	3,200	3,170
Compact DSC (	units:1,000)		
Market Scale	11,960	8,000	8,220
Nikon	2,510	1,600	1,600

#### Revenue: ¥64.6B down YoY

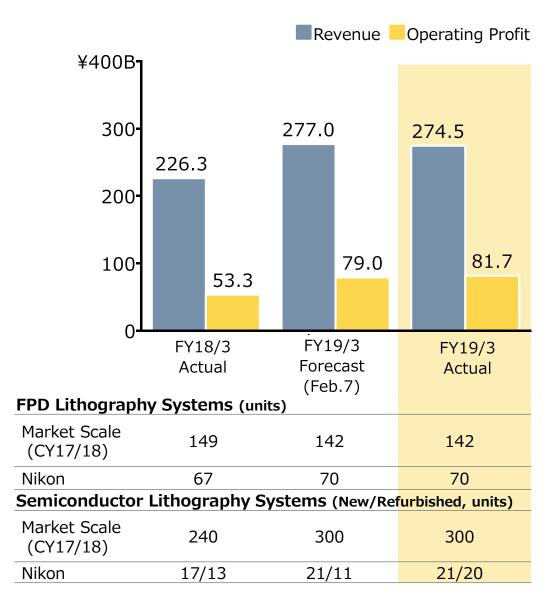
- ASP was buoyed by new product launch including full-frame ML cameras
- The sales volume and revenue of fullframe cameras grew two years in a row
- The sales of interchangeable lens type cameras and interchangeable lenses did not reach the plan in the continuing severe condition in Q4: ¥8.9B short of the forecast

#### OP: ¥8.2B down YoY

- OP for FY18/3 and FY19/3 was ¥36.0B and ¥22.6B, respectively, if excluding restructuring relevant expenses
- Revenue/profit reduction and the initial development cost increase pushed down the OP by ¥3.0B from the forecast

## Results for the year ended March 31, 2019: Precision Equipment Business





#### • Revenue: ¥48.2B up YoY

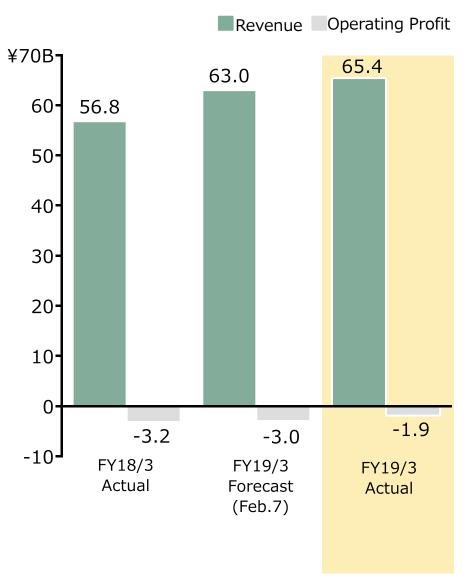
- FPD: Systems for large-sized FPD sales growth exceeded the revenue decrease of mid-to-small sized panel systems. Sales volume stayed the same as the forecast, although the product mix changed
- Semiconductor: Main customer's CAPEX is steady. Refurbished system sales exceeded the forecast. New system sales volume reached the forecast with some product mix changes

#### • OP: ¥28.4B up YoY

- FPD: Achieved the substantial profit growth through increased revenue
- Semiconductor: posted profit for two years consecutively even when excluding the temporary profit from the litigation settlement
- vs forecast: ¥2.7B up thanks to the improved profitability although product mix changed

## Results for the year ended March 31, 2019: Healthcare Business





#### • Revenue: ¥8.6B up YoY

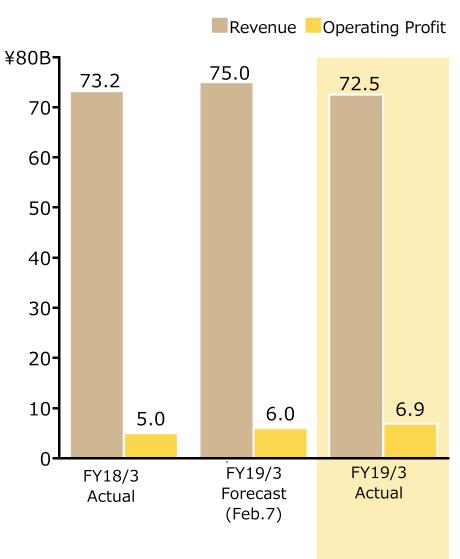
- Bioscience field: Biological microscope sales grew mainly in overseas such as North America and China, and exceeded the forecast
- Ophthalmologic diagnosis field: New product launch contributed to the sales hike of retinal diagnostic imaging system
- Both biological microscope and retinal diagnostic imaging system posted the record sales in history

#### • OP: ¥1.3B up YoY

 Although investment was made for future business expansion and profit improvement, the deficit shrunk thanks to the sales growth against YoY and the forecast

### Results for the year ended March 31, 2019: Industrial Metrology and Others





#### Revenue: ¥0.7B down YoY

- Industrial Metrology: Revenue declined resulting from the CMM business disposition and the market weakening. Due to customers' CAPEX slowdown, revenue did not reach the forecast

#### • OP: ¥1.9B up YoY

- OP of Industrial Metrology and Others for FY18/3 and FY19/3 was ¥7.8B and ¥7.5B, respectively, if excluding restructuring relevant expenses
- vs forecast: reduced revenue/profit of Industrial Metrology were compensated by reduction of onetime cost and the sales increase of other businesses, ending with the favorable result for this segment



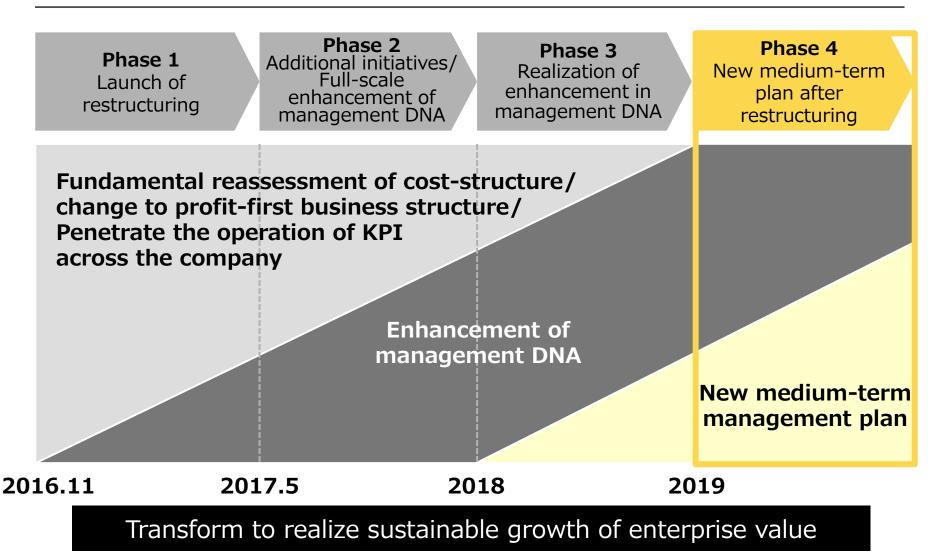
1. Financial results for the year ended March 31, 2019

2. Forecast for the year ending March 31, 2020

## Transition to the Growth Phase while continuing to enhance management DNA



#### 4 PHASES OF RESTRUCTURING



### Forecast for the year ending March 31, 2020



### Revenue Forecast

- Overall: ¥670B, ¥38.6B down YoY
  - **Imaging Products**: The product lineup is expanded, yet substantial revenue reduction is expected due to unit sales decrease of the existing products mainly in DSLR
  - **Precision Equipment**: Semiconductor revenue hike is expected to absorb the FPD revenue reduction

# Operating Profit Forecast

- Overall: ¥52.0B, ¥30.6B down YoY
  - **Imaging Products**: Further cost-effective measures shall offset the profit reduction partially
  - Precision Equipment: Large profit reduction is expected due to absence of the temporary profit of approx. ¥15.0B by the litigation settlement.
     Profit improvement by semiconductor shall partially absorb the FPD profit decrease
  - Corporate P/L non-attributable to any reportable segments: Improved by the idle land sales (¥3.9B), etc.

# Profit attributable to Owners of the Parent Forecast

- Overall: ¥42.0B, ¥24.5B down YoY
  - Assumed effective tax rate is approx. 24%, same level as the previous FY

## Forecast for the year ending March 31, 2020: Financial Highlights



Billions of yen	FY2019/3 FY2020/3 as of yen Actual (B) Forecast (A)		Change (A)-(B)
Revenue	708.6	670.0	-38.6
Operating Profit % vs Revenue	82.6 11.7%	<b>52.0</b> 7.8%	-30.6
Profit before income taxes % vs Revenue	87.9 12.49	<b>55.0</b> 8.2%	-32.9
Profit attributable to owners of the parent % vs Revenue	66.5 9.49	<b>42.0</b> 6.3%	-24.5
ROE	11.2%	7%	
FCF	43.5	40.0	-3.5
Exchange Rate: US \$ EURO	¥111 ¥128	¥105 ¥125	Impact on Revenue  Approx16.4  Impact on Op. Profit  Approx3.2

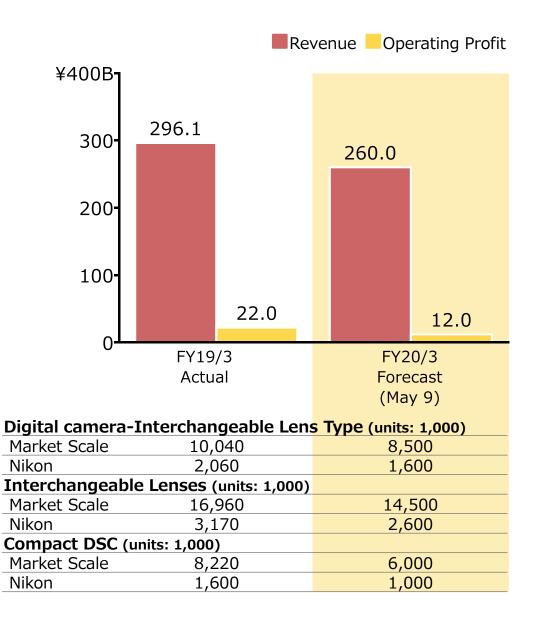
## Forecast for the year ending March 31, 2020: Financial Highlights by Segments



Billions of yen		FY2019/3 Actual (B)	FY2020/3 Forecast (A)	Change (A)-(B)
Imaging	Revenue	296.1	260.0	-12.2%
Products Business	Operating Profit	22.0 (22.6)	12.0	-10.0
Precision	Revenue	274.5	270.0	-1.6%
Equipment Business	Operating Profit	81.7 (81.7)	56.0	-25.7
	Revenue	65.4	65.0	-0.6%
Healthcare Business	Operating Profit	-1.9 (-1.9)	-1.0	+0.9
Industrial	Revenue	72.5	75.0	+3.4%
Metrology and Others	Operating Profit	6.9 (7.5)	6.0	-0.9
Corporate Profit/Loss non-	Revenue	_	-	-
attributable to any reportable segments	Operating Profit	-26.1 (-25.6)	-21.0	+5.1
Consolidated	Revenue Operating Profit	708.6 82.6 (84.4)	670.0 52.0	-5.4% -30.6

## Forecast for the year ending March 31, 2020: Imaging Products Business





#### Revenue: ¥36.1B down

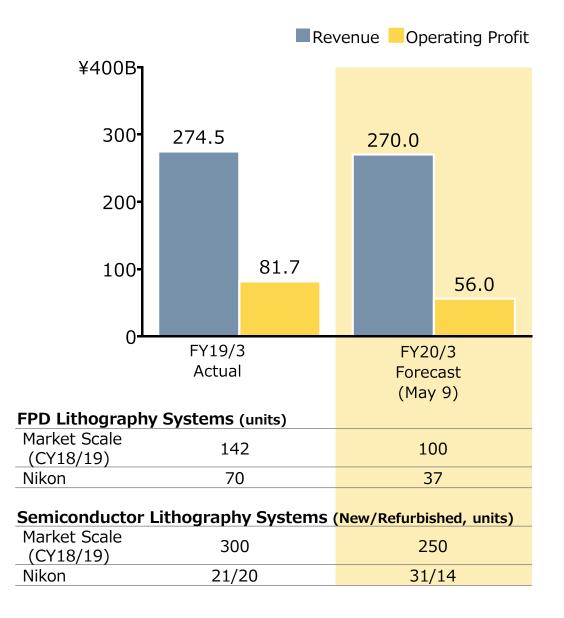
- Camera market continues to shrink.
   Sales volume reduction is expected in each category
- Although efforts are made to expand the sales of ML cameras and Z mount lenses, a large negative impact is expected on declining revenue of entry/mid DSLR and compact DSC

#### OP: ¥10.0B down

- Investment for ML lineup expansion increases compared to the previous year
- Thorough cost-effective measures are implemented to reduce SGA, etc. to recover some profit reduction

## Forecast for the year ending March 31, 2020: Precision Equipment Business





#### • Revenue: ¥4.5B down

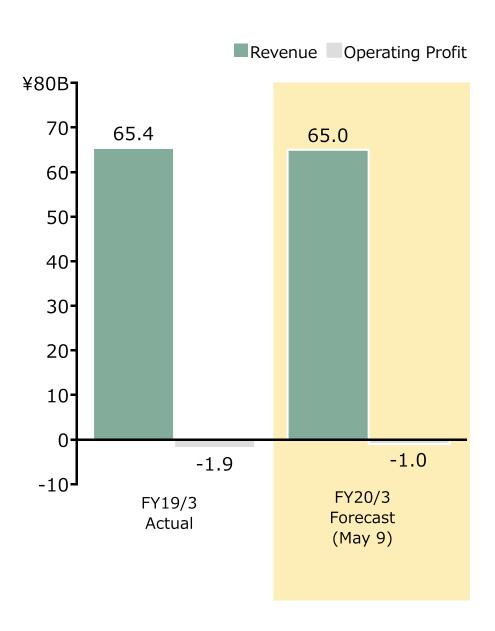
- FPD: High-priced G10.5 is expected to increase, yet revenue decreases due to G6/8 unit sales reduction
- Semiconductor: Main customer's CAPEX continues to be steady. Revenue is lifted by new system sales increase

#### • OP: ¥25.7B down

- OP for FY2019/3 is approx.
   ¥66.7B excluding the temporary profit from litigation settlement
- Profit reduction of FPD is partially recovered by Semiconductor profit hike

### Forecast for the year ending March 31, 2020: Healthcare Business





#### • Revenue: ¥0.4B down

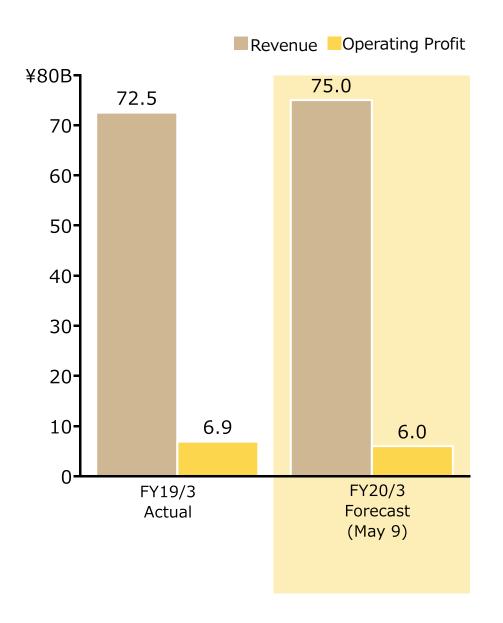
 Both biological microscopes and retinal diagnostic imaging systems are performing steadily yet the flat revenue is expected due to the negative forex impact

#### • OP: ¥0.9B up

 More focused investment is conducted in the regenerative medicine and ophthalmogical diagnosis fields to halve the deficit, aiming to generate profit next FY

## Forecast for the year ending March 31, 2020: Industrial Metrology and Others





#### • Revenue: ¥2.5B up

 Industrial metrology: Revenue growth is expected by expanding the market share in X-ray inspection systems and noncontact 3D metrology systems

#### OP: ¥0.9B down

- Industrial metrology: Profitability is steadily improving through restructuring
- Profit in the whole segment decreases as investment continues for future growth in precision component & modules business, etc.

#### Shareholder Returns



Return to shareholders in FY2019/3 & FY2020/3

- FY2019/3 annual dividend is ¥60 with 35.7% payout ratio. The policy to maintain 40% or more was not met because of a large fluctuation of the net profit
- Based on net profit, the buy-back of shares up to ¥10.0B are conducted
- The share buy-back will be exercised in FY2020/3. Including this buy-back, the total return ratio in FY2019/3 should exceed 50%
- Profit reduction is forecasted for FY2020/3, yet the annual dividend of ¥60 (assumed payout ratio: 56.6%) is planned as in FY19/3 to maintain stable dividend payout

Shareholder returns policy in new medium-term plan

- To exercise more flexible return to shareholders, the policy is revised from "dividend payout ratio of 40% or more (annual)" to "total return ratio of 40% or more (accumulation of medium-term plan period)"
- Annual dividend of ¥60 or more is maintained
- Although mid/long-term capital allocation prioritizes the investment for growth strategy, additional return to shareholders is judged with agility and flexibility to maximize shareholders' interest
- If any unexpected change occurs in the management environment, this policy may be revised based on the remaining capability for growth investment and the capital structure
- From the mid/long-term perspectives, both stable return to shareholders and capital efficiency improvement are pursued



### **NIKON CORPORATION**



### Reference Data

# Forecast for the year ending March 31, 2020: Financial Highlights



	FY2017/3 Actual	FY2018/3 Actual	FY20	)19/3 Act	ual	FY20	20/3 For	ecast
Billions of yen	2017/3	2018/3	1H	2H	2019/3	1H	2H	2020/3
Revenue	749.2	717.0	335.7	372.9	708.6	290.0	380.0	670.0
Operating Profit	0.7	56.2	30.6	52.0	82.6	15.0	37.0	52.0
% vs Revenue	0.1%	7.8%	9.1%	13.9%	11.7%	5.2%	9.7%	7.8%
Profit before income taxes	3.0	56.2	33.8	54.1	87.9	17.0	38.0	55.0
% vs Revenue	0.4%	7.8%	10.1%	14.5%	12.4%	5.9%	10.0%	8.2%
Profit attributable to owners of the parent	3.9	34.7	22.8	43.7	66.5	13.0	29.0	42.0
% vs Revenue	0.5%	4.8%	6.8%	11.7%	9.4%	4.5%	7.6%	6.3%
ROE	0.7%	6.3%	11.2%				7%	
FCF	56.6	90.2		43.5			40.0	
Exchange Rate: US \$ EURO	¥108 ¥119	¥111 ¥130	¥110 ¥130	¥112 ¥127	¥111 ¥128		¥105 ¥125	

Note: Part of sales promotion expenses, which used to be booked as SGA, are deducted from Revenue of FY2019/3. FY19/3 Revenue is an amount after deducting ¥8.3B.

## Forecast for the year ending March 31, 2020: Financial Highlights by Segments



		FY2017/3 Actual	FY2018/3 Actual	FY2019/3 Actual			FY2020/3 Forecast		
Billions of yen		2017/3	2018/3	1H	2H	2019/3	1H	2H	2020/3
Imaging	Revenue	383.0	360.7	150.9	145.2	296.1	120.0	140.0	260.0
Products Business	Operating Profit	17.1 (28.1)	30.2 (36.0)	13.2 (13.6)	8.8 (9.0)	22.0 (22.6)	3.0	9.0	12.0
Precision	Revenue	248.0	226.3	121.6	152.9	274.5	110.0	160.0	270.0
Equipment Business	Operating Profit	13.4 (48.1)	53.3 (53.3)	29.8 (29.8)	51.9 (51.9)	81.7 (81.7)	23.0	33.0	56.0
	Revenue	55.7	56.8	29.4	36.0	65.4	30.0	35.0	65.0
Healthcare Business	Operating Profit	-0.6 (-0.1)	-3.2 (-3.2)	-2.3 (-2.3)	0.4 (0.4)	-1.9 (-1.9)	-3.0	2.0	-1.0
Industrial	Revenue	62.4	73.2	33.7	38.8	72.5	30.0	45.0	75.0
Metrology and Others	Operating Profit	3.7 (5.5)	5.0 (7.8)	2.7 (3.5)	4.2 (4.0)	6.9 (7.5)	1.0	5.0	6.0
Corporate	Revenue	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Profit/Loss non- attributable to any reportable segments	Operating Profit	-32.8 (-27.5)	-29.1 (-29.1)	-12.8 (-12.8)	-13.3 (-12.8)	-26.1 (-25.6)	-9.0	-12.0	-21.0
	Revenue	749.2	717.0	335.7	372.9	708.6	290.0	380.0	670.0
Consolidated	Operating Profit	0.7 (54.1)	56.2 (64.9)	30.6 (31.8)	52.0 (52.6)	82.6 (84.4)	15.0	37.0	52.0

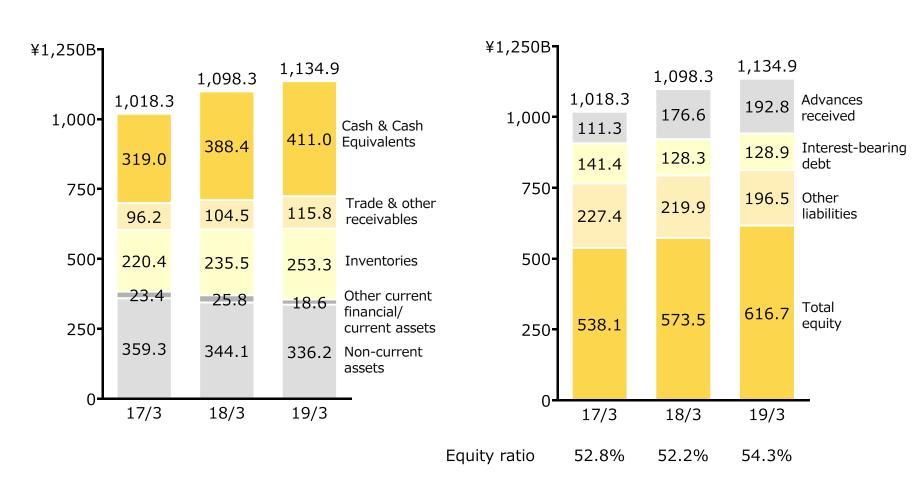
Note: Part of sales promotion expenses, which used to be booked as SGA, are deducted from Revenue of FY2019/3. FY19/3 Revenue is an amount after deducting ¥8.3B. Figures of Operating Profit in parentheses show those excluding the restructuring relevant expenses.

## Financial results for the year ended March 31, 2019: B/S Breakdown





#### LIABILITIES/EQUITY



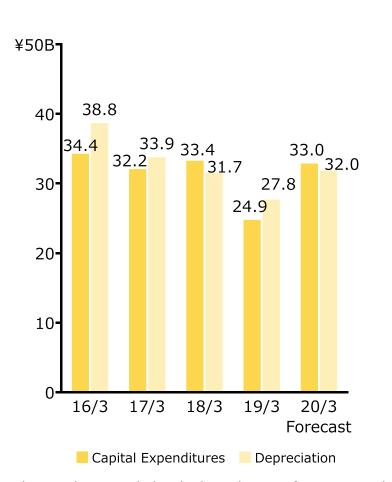
Note: A breakdown of interest-bearing debt as of the end of March 2019 is ¥29.9B in bonds and ¥99.0B in other borrowings. Equity ratio is a ratio of equity attributable to owners of the parent to total assets. Cash and Cash Equivalent excludes time deposits with maturities of three months or more.

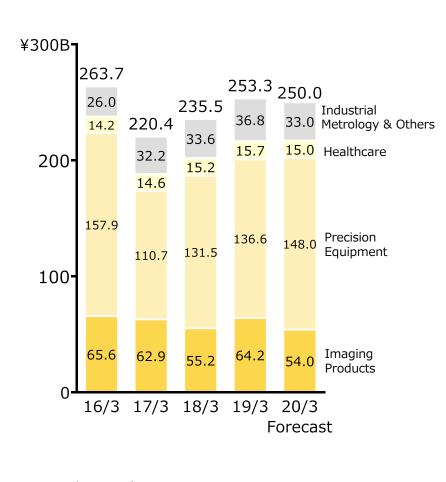
### Forecast for the year ending March 31, 2020: Capital Expenditures, Depreciation and Inventory



### CAPITAL EXPENDITURES, DEPRECIATION

#### INVENTORY BREAKDOWN



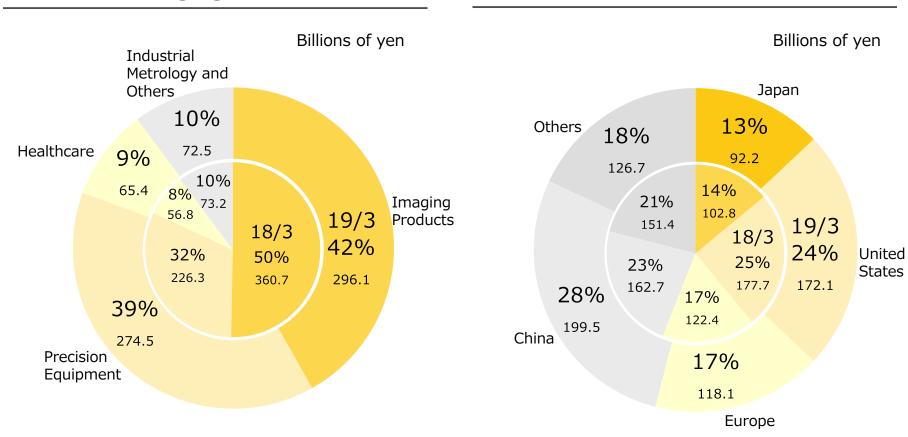


Note: Capital Expenditures includes the leased asset of approximately ¥3.0B in FY2020/3 according to IFRS16. Depreciation includes in-process development costs as from FY2018/3 and includes the leased asset of approximately ¥4.0B in FY2020/3 as well.





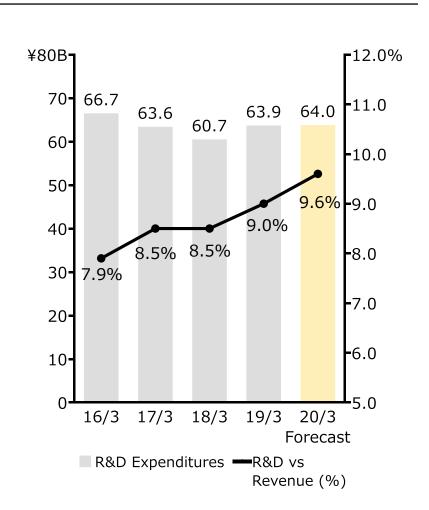
#### BY REGION

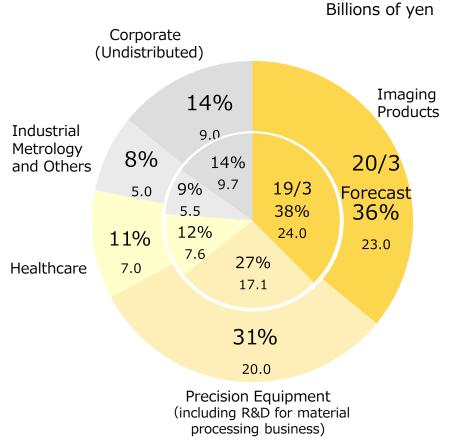




#### **R&D EXPENDITURES**

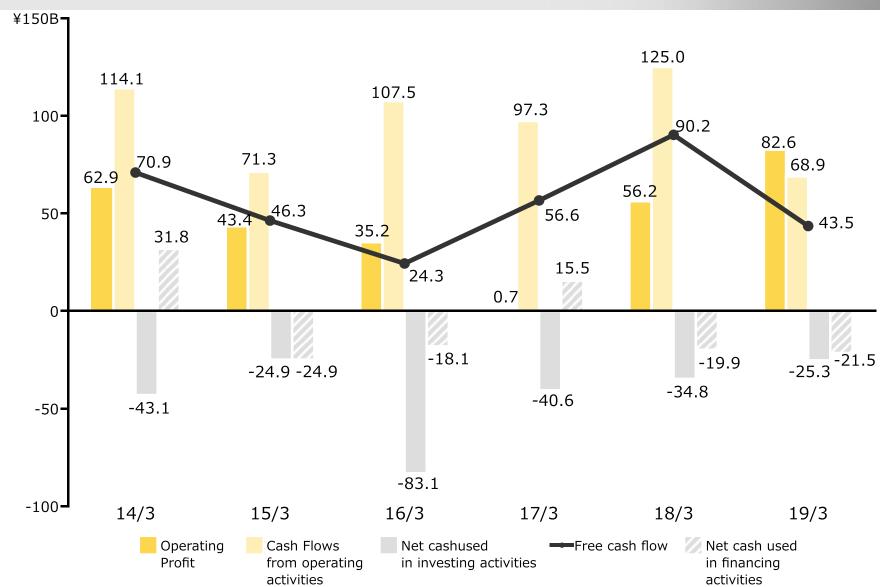
#### **R&D EXPENDITURES BREAKDOWN**





#### Cash flow walk



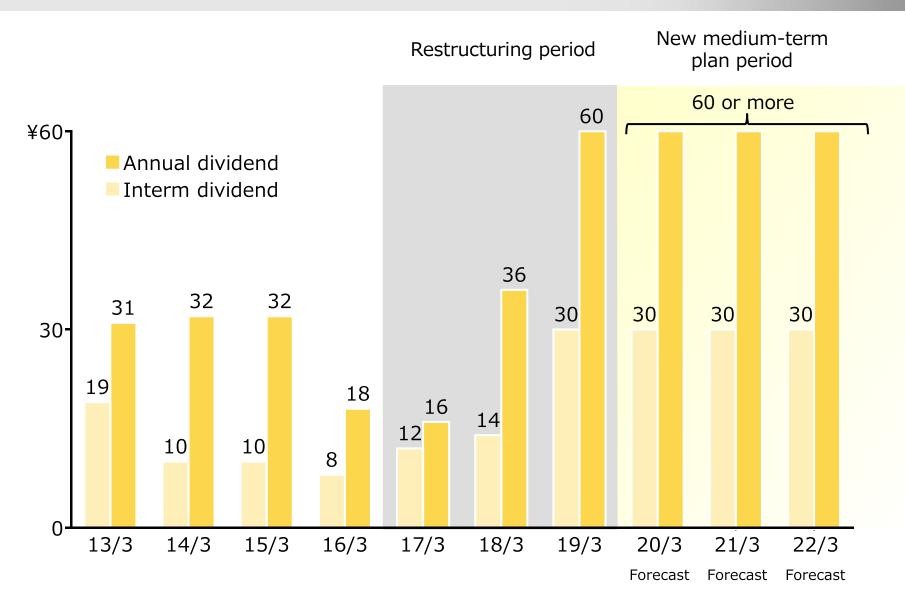


Note: FCF (free cash flows) = CF from operating activities + CF from investing activities; Japanese Standard is employed for FY2015/3 and prior, and IFRS is adopted for FY2016/3 and after.

FCF + CF from financial activities + effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents = Net increase (decrease) in cash and 28 cash equivalents

### Shareholder return history and forecast

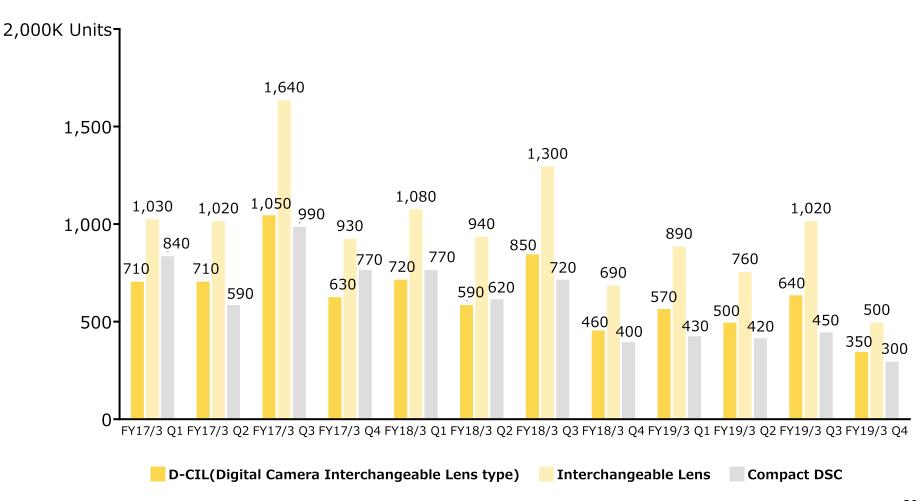




### Imaging Products Business Sales in Units



#### BY PRODUCT CATEGORY

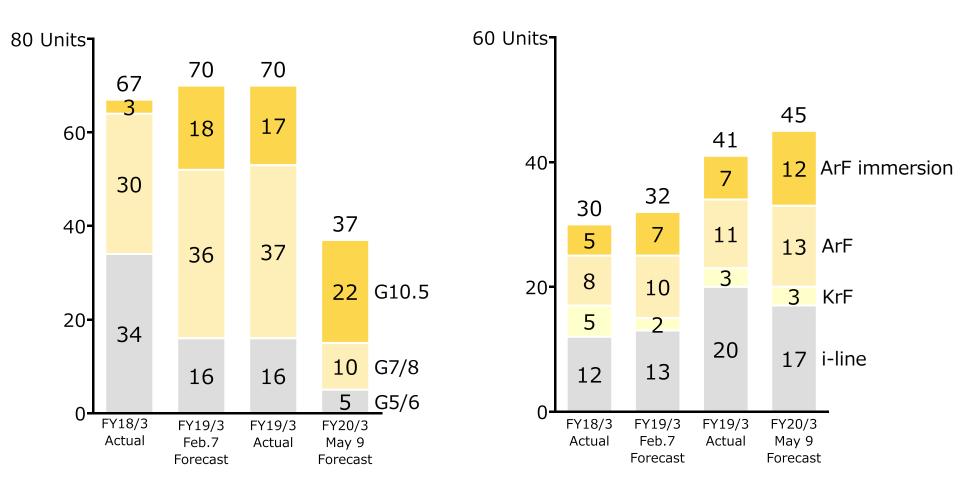


## Forecast for the year ending March 31, 2020: Precision Equipment Business Sales in Units



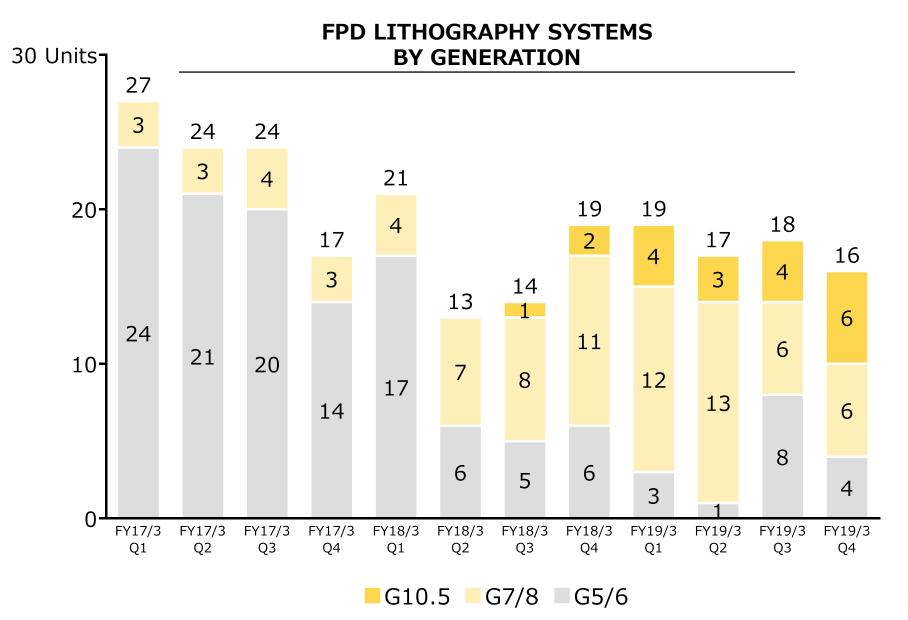
### FPD LITHOGRAPHY SYSTEMS BY GENERATION

#### SEMICONDUCTOR LITHOGRAPHY SYSTEMS BY TECHNOLOGY (INCL. REFURBISHED)

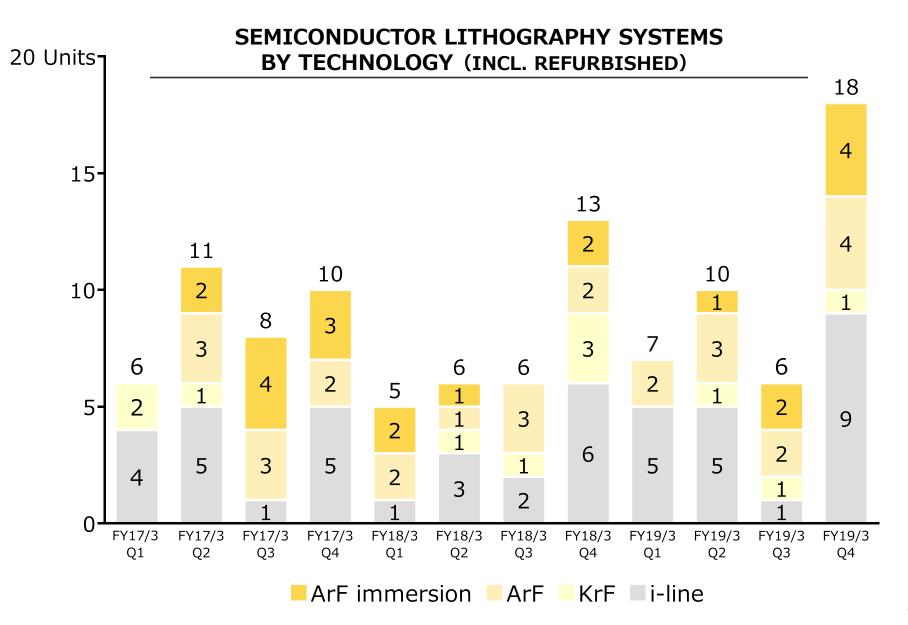


Note: The number of new semiconductor lithography systems sold is 17 units in FY2018/3, 21 units in FY2019/3, and 31 units (forecast) in FY2020/3.









## Forecast for the year ending March 31, 2020: Foreign Exchange Impact



	Exchange Rate	Financial Impact from Fluctuation by 1 yen			
	FY20/3 Forecast	Revenue	Operating Profit		
US \$	¥105	Approx. ¥2.4billion	Approx. ¥0.4billion		
EURO	¥125	Approx. ¥0.6billion	Approx. ¥0.3billion		



### **NIKON CORPORATION**